STEVIA SCHIBLII (ASTERACEAE: EUPATORIEAE), A NEW SPECIES FROM OAXACA, MEXICO

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Routine identification of Mexican comps has revealed the following novelty:

STEVIA SCHIBLII B.L. Turner, sp. nov. Fig. 1

Steviae elatiori H.B.K. similes sed foliis comparate paucis glabris plerumque basalibus (vs numerosis, valde pubescentibus, vix basalibus) et lobis corollae minoribus (1-2 mm longis vs 2-3 mm longis).

Perennial herbs 30-60 cm high (label data), arising from slender rhizomes. Leaves mostly opposite and basal, obovate, 3-6 cm long, 0.5-2.5 cm wide; petioles 2-25 mm long, tapered upon by the blades, the latter 3-nerved from the base, essentially glabrous with rounded serrations along the upper half. Capitulescence a much-branched, expanded panicle, 10-45 cm high, 10-30 cm wide, glandular-pubescent throughout, the ultimate peduncles mostly 10-25 mm long. Involucres 5-6 mm high having linear-lanceolate bracts with narrowly acute apices. Corollas white, 4.5-5.0 mm long, the lobes ca 2 mm long, sparsely pubescent with multiseptate hairs, these scattered among a more numerous vestiture of short glandular hairs. Achenes black, ca 3.5 mm long, sparsely pubescent, the pappus a crown of white scales ca 0.3 high, occasionally 1 or 2 of the achenes bearing slender awns 3-5 mm long.

ADDITIONAL COLLECTIONS EXAMINED: MEXICO. OAXACA: Mpio. Santiago Textitlan, "Comunidad de Llano Yerba. Donde se junta el arroyo de Agua Amarilla y el arroyo de Piedra Blanca." disturbed pine-oak forests, ca 1319 m, 16 Aug 2006, Martinez 1882 (TEX); Buenavista, paraje Cacalosuche, pine-oak forests, ca 1320 m, 31 Aug 2006, Salinas 434 (TEX).

In my treatment of Stevia for the Comps of Mexico (Phytologia Memoirs 11: 170-197. 1997), the present novelty will key to the widespread, highly variable, S. elatior of the series Podocephalae. It is readily distinguished from that species by its more delicate habit, relatively fewer, glabrous, mostly basal leaves, and smaller corolla lobes.

The species is named for Leo Schibli (1958-2004), Swiss-born conservationist and specialist in geographic information systems. He was a founding member of SERBO (Society for the Study of Biotic Resources of Oaxaca), and was devoted to fostering awareness and appreciation of the rich biological heritage of Oaxaca.

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Fig. 1. *Stevia schiblii* (holotype)